## Algebraic Number Theory

## Exercise Sheet 2

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**Exercise 1.** Let A be an integral domain and let F be the field of fractions of A. Let B be a ring, such that  $A \subseteq B \subseteq F$ . Show that the canonical morphism of fields  $f: F \to K$  is an isomorphism, where K is the field of fractions of B.

**Exercise 2.** Let B be an integral domain and A a subring of B such that B is integral over A. Show that B is a field if and only if A is a field.

**Exercise 3.** Let A be an integrally closed ring. Let K be the field of fractions of A. Let  $K \subset L$  be a finite field extension of K, B the integral closure of A in L and let  $x \in B$ . Show that x is a unit in B if and only if  $N_K^L(x)$  is a unit in A.

**Exercise 4.** Let d be a square-free integer. Let  $L = \mathbb{Q}(\alpha)$  be a quadratic field, where  $\alpha^2 = d$ . Let  $\mathcal{O}_L$  be the ring of elements in L integral over  $\mathbb{Z}$ .

- (0) Show that the  $\mathbb{Q}$ -linear map  $\operatorname{Tr}^{L}_{\mathbb{Q}} : L \to \mathbb{Q}$  and the norm homomorphism  $N : L^* \to \mathbb{Q}^*$  induce respectively a  $\mathbb{Z}$ -linear map  $\operatorname{Tr} : \mathcal{O}_L \to \mathbb{Z}$  and a homomorphism  $N : \mathcal{O}^*_L \to \{1, -1\}$ .
- (1) Describe the kernel and image of  $\mathbb{Z}$ -linear map  $\operatorname{Tr} : \mathcal{O}_L \to \mathbb{Z}$ .
- (2) Consider the induced homomorphism  $N: \mathcal{O}_L^* \to \{1, -1\}$ . Show that
  - (2.1) if d < 0, the homomorphism N is trivial.
  - (2.2) if d = 2, the homomorphism N is surjective.
  - (2.3) if d = 3, the homomorphism N is trivial.